



# Computational Chemical Biology and Fragment-based Design

# Dr. Tan Yaw Sing

Assistant Principal Investigator Biomolecular Structure to Mechanism Division tanys@bii.a-star.edu.sg

BII Scientific Conference 2023 12<sup>th</sup> May 2023



### From 2022...

accelerated ligand-mapping molecular dynamics (aLMMD) detects cryptic binding sites





aLMMD - 20 × 200 ns - 0.2 M benzenes



Ng JT & Tan YS. J Chem Theory Comput. 2022, 8, 1969-1981



### Applying aLMMD to a drug target



Expanded cryptic pocket predicted by aLMMD and validated by new X-ray crystal structures



aLMMD predicted the two known binding sites and a new binding site



Weiping Qunxiang (IMCB) (IMCB)

Funded by STDR Pre-Pilot



### Structure-based design of DNA aptamers

- > Aptamers are single-stranded DNA or RNA molecules with unique tertiary structures
- > They have limited chemical diversity because there are only 4 natural nucleotides available for selection
- Unnatural nucleotides could increase the functionality of aptamers by providing additional chemical and structural diversity beyond that provided by natural nucleotides
- Genetic alphabet expanded with development of Ds-Px paired bases
- > Ds is highly hydrophobic and can strengthen interactions with hydrophobic pockets





Ichiro Hirao (formerly IBB)

Kimoto M et al. Nat Biotechnol, 2013, 31, 453-457

#### Bioinformatics Institute Bill

# LMMD simulations identify three hydrophobic binding sites near aptamer binding interface with vWF

- von Willebrand factor (vWF) is a protein found in blood plasma that facilitates blood clotting
- As the Ds nucleotide is highly hydrophobic, benzenes were used in LMMD simulations to identify putative Ds interaction sites on A1 domain of vWF





# Ds substitutions at positions 10, 28 and 31 in aptamer ARC1172

- Ds substitutions previously introduced to ARC1172 at positions 10, 28 and 31
- ▶ Thy10Ds and Gua28Ds substitutions were tolerated (≈85% and 90% of original)
- > Thy31Ds substitution led to significant loss of binding to vWF (≈50% of original)





### Molecular modelling of Ds-substituted ARC1172 derivatives

Ds10-ARC1172

MD snapshots showing alternative conformations of Ds10

Ds28-ARC1172

Ds31-ARC1172



Ds31 modelled onto crystal structure 3HXQ. Thiophene ring of Ds31 clashes with Phe1397.

of Ds28 does not overlap with benzene map densities.

 $(\Delta G = -192.7 \pm 4.3 \text{ kcal/mol})$ 

 $(\Delta G = -193.9 \pm 3.8 \text{ kcal/mol})$ 

Ds28 modelled onto crystal

structure 3HXQ. Thiophene ring

- Ds10 and Ds28 derivatives remained bound to vWF through MD simulations
- Binding free energies are not significantly different from ARC1172 (-188.3 ± 3.1 kcal/mol)



### **Bioelectronics**

# Effect of electric pulses on membrane permeabilisation



Second electric pulse induces higher degree of membrane permeabilisation



(SUTD)

# Effect of carbon nanotubes (CNTs) on electrical conductivity of cancer cells



- Larger increase in current observed for cancer cells than healthy cells when they are perturbed by CNTs
- MD simulations suggest CNTs rigidify cancer cell membranes less than healthy cell membranes -> more CNTs can insert into cancer cell membranes

Lee D et al. *Nanoscale*, 2022, 14, 7934-7942 Chan SSY et al. ACS Omega, 2022, 7, 18459-18470 Meivita MP et al. *Pharmaceutics*, 2023, 15, 106

# Electrothermal therapy for cancer mediated by M13 bacteriophage



- MD simulations suggest M13 coat protein binds to PD-L1, a protein overexpressed on the surface of cancer cells
- MoS<sub>2</sub> conjugated to M13 phage can selectively increase conductivity of cancer cells, allowing them to be killed by electrothermal therapy



### Interns' research

#### **Evaluation of protein-RNA docking methods**



### **Evaluation of different fragmentation** methods for fragment database preparation



- P3DOCK stopped working halfway through the project and so number of test cases was small
- Accuracy: **ClusPro** > HDOCK > ZDOCK > 3dRPC
- Speed: **ZDOCK** > HDOCK > ClusPro ≈ 3dRPC

Clara Tan, Harishiga Ilangovan and Lim Yu Jing (SRP) obtained Silver award at the SSEF.

**SPRESSO** was the best fragmentation method as it generates fragments that:

are highly unique

Mean

follow the "rule of three" to the greatest extent 

Hayley Lim (H3) obtained Bronze award at the SSEF.

### Acknowledgements



#### Staff:

Justin Ng Meng Zhenyu Chong Kian Chee

#### Interns:

M K Abdul Rahim (ARIA) Tiffany Goh (ARIA) Lok Xin Yi (ARIA) Maria Clara Miserendino (SIPGA) Claudia Loh Andre Lim Clara Tan (SRP) Harishiga Ilangovan (SRP) Lim Yu Jing (SRP) Hayley Lim (H3)



Funding: A\*STAR Career Development Award NMRC-YIRG STDR Pilot STDR Pre-Pilot BII core funds

> Agency for Science, Technology and Research SINGAPORE



**BII colleagues:** Sebastian Maurer-Stroh Chandra Verma Lee Hwee Kuan

### **Collaborators:**

Adrian Teo (IMCB) Tee Wee Wei (IMCB) Han Weiping (IMCB) Ong Qunxiang (IMCB) Carol Koh (EDDC) Ichiro Hirao (Xenolis) Desmond Loke (SUTD) Tai E Shyong (NUS, NUH) David Spring (Cambridge) Laura Itzhaki (Cambridge) Lau Yu Heng (Sydney) Matthew Fuchter (Imperial) Hilda Pickett (CMRI)